



# UNDERSTANDING THE FINANCIAL AID PROCESS





### How do they determine if I'm eligible?

#### COA – EFC = NEED

COA = Cost of Attendance "Sticker Price" EFC = Expected Family Contribution

What colleges think you can pay annually

Need = Amount of financial aid the family is potentially eligible



### What should we know about our Family Contribution?

# What is considered an asset?

Everything but your retirement account (401k, IRA, 403b)

#### Parental Assets vs. Student Assets

Parent assets factored into EFC at lower % (529s)

#### Is debt considered?

No but....

# How should we value our home?

- Federal Housing Index
- Calculators to lower equity for CSS Profile



### What is my base income year?

Tax year used for financial aid or Base Income Year)		
"Prior Prior" tax year	<ul> <li>Class of 2022 (seniors) = 2020 tax returns</li> <li>Class of 2023 (juniors) = 2021 tax returns</li> <li>Class of 2024 {sophomores} = 2022 tax returns</li> </ul>	
Income	<ul> <li>Parents – Line 11 on 1040 AGI</li> <li>Students – Income Allowance of \$6,920</li> </ul>	

\*Multiple children in undergrad at same time = Split EFC



## What if I do not qualify for Need-Based Aid?

### MERIT Aid (Scholarships) and Value Schools

- Top 25% of applicants High Priority
- School by school basis
- Some more generous than others
  - Ivy Leagues & NESCAC do not give merit scholarships, only need based aid

### Value Schools -

- Lower end of tuition range = Value
  - Ex. James Madison (VA) COA = -\$40,000
  - Public School Honors Programs



## How do you apply for financial aid?

#### No one school is alike

#### Deadlines are PARAMOUNT

### Every college requires the FAFSA

Many private colleges require the CSS/PROFILE and/or their own institutional form in addition to FAFSA

#### Is the responsibility of student/parent to know deadlines and requirements

Most colleges are not proactive and sometimes only communicate with students



### Sources of Financial Aid

### Federal Government

- Pell
- PLUS
- FDSL Federal Direct Student Loan
  - Subsidized vs. Unsubsidized
  - Student entitled to borrow \$27,000 without co-signor if parent completes FAFSA
  - \$5,500 (fresh), \$6,500 (soph), \$7,500 (jun), \$7,500 (sen)
  - "Use it or lose it"

### State – HESAA.org

- NJ TAG Grant can be used any school in NJ
  - Awarded to low income families, simply submit FAFSA to make yourself eligible
- NJ Class loans state of NJ student loan program





Accessible on Oct. 1<sup>st</sup>, 2021

2020 is base income year for class of 2022

"Prior Prior" is new base income year

### DEADLINES ARE PARAMOUNT

Login Procedure: Create FSA ID – FSAID.ed.gov

- Required by each student and one parent
- Needed to access/submit the FAFSA
- Username/Password (Replaced PIN number system)



### CSS/PROFILE – www.collegeboard.org

# 400 private schools require this additional app

**\$25.00 for 1<sup>st</sup> school, \$16.00** for each thereafter

Much more invasive and complex with a lot more questions than the FAFSA

Divorced/Separated Situations

--FAFSA only requires custodial parent info

-CSS Profile requires both parents info - (NCP)

# Home equity treated as liquid asset\*

Institutional EFC at each school that requires this



## How to appeal for the best possible package

5 Point Plan of Attack	Bring color/background to your story	Ask for specific amount of additional aid
Show awards offered by other colleges	Challenge expenses not considered on taxes	Be persistent



### Free Consult – 20 min. Phone Call

Am I eligible for financial aid?	What is my EFC?	What will specific colleges actually cost me?
What colleges should we be targeting?	Given my situation, what are my family's action items?	

