### Language Arts Lab Curriculum Chart

Pacing Guide: Language Arts Lab is a full year course that meets on a rotating basis for three (3) 55-minute blocks and one (1) 40-minute block for every five (5) day cycle.

### Literature:

Depending on the level of student, books can vary from, 2-4, to be completed by the end of the year. Each text should be completed in a marking period, depending on the difficulty and length for each student. Students should be reading during the entire school year. Pacing for each text is listed below.

House on Mango Street (8-16 weeks-assessment)

Oxford Picture Dictionary (8-16 weeks-assessment)

Freedom Writers(8-16 weeks-assessment)

Twists(8-16 weeks-assessment)

Conflicts(8-16 weeks-assessment)

I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings(8-16 weeks-assessment)

More Twists(8-16 weeks-assessment)

*Adventures*(8-16 weeks-assessment)

*Bridge to Terabithia*(8-16 weeks-assessment)

*The Chocolate War*(8-16 weeks-assessment)

*More Adventures*(8-16 weeks-assessment)

Encounters (8-16 weeks-assessment)

Accuplacer( duration of the class-assessments)

*NJSLA*(duration of the class-assessments)

### <u>Grammar</u>

Parts of Speech (5-7 days per marking period-assessment)

Parts of a Sentence (5-7 days per marking period-assessment)

Phrases (7-10 days per marking period-assessment)

Clauses (7-10 days per marking period-assessment)

Agreement (7-10 days per marking period-assessment)

Capitalization (5 days-assessment)

Punctuation (5 days-assessment)

LANGUAGE ARTS LAD
Writing:
Persuasive Writing-( 8-10 weeks-assessment)
Narrative Writing-should be reviewed over the course of a marking period(8-10 weeks-assessment)
Informational Writing-should be reviewed over the course of a marking period(8-10 weeks-assessment)

LANGUAGE ARTS LAB		
21st Century Life and Careers:	Have students work on a Real World Unit in which they understand how navigate the web to find necessary to	
	attain their career goals.	
<b>Evaluating Information:</b>	9.4.12.IML.2-Evaluate for timeliness, accuracy, perspective, credibility of the source and relevance of the	
	information, in media, data, or other resources.	
	9.4.12.IML.8-Evaluate media sources for point of view, bias, and motivations.	
Argumentative Writing	9.4.12.IML.7- Develop an argument to support a claim regarding a current workplace or societal/ethical issue	
D. W. L. C. C.	such as climate change.	
Digital Citizenship:		
	9.4.12.DC.1- Explain the beneficial and harmful effects that intellectual property laws can have on the	
Critical Thinking and Problem	creation and sharing of content.	
Solving:	9.4.12.DC.7- Evaluate the influence of digital communities on the nature, content and responsibilities of	
	careers, and other aspects of society.  9.4.12.GCA.1- Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change	
Creativity and Innovation:	effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political, economic, cultural) may work better than others.	
Creativity and innovation.	effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., pointical, economic, cultural) may work better than others.	
Career Ready Practices:	9.4.12.CI.1-Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze and use creative skills and ideas.	
Career Ready Fractices.	9.4.12.CT.1-Identify problem solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice.	
	9.4.12.CT.2-Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving.	
	9.4.12.CI.3-Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition	
	CRP1-Act as a responsible contributing citizen and employee	
	CRP2-Apply appropriate academic and technical skills	
	CRP4-Community clearly and effectively and with reason	
	CPR5-Consider the environment, social and economic impacts of decisions	
	CPR6-Demonstrate creativity and innovation	
	CRP7-Employ valid and reliable research strategies	
	CRP8-Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them	
	CRP9-Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management	
	CRP10-Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals	
	CRP11-Use technology to advance productivity	

Technology Standards:	Use technology when researching for literature and writing papers and the Real World Unit Project
8.1 Educational Technology	8.1.12.IC.1- Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices (Knowledge, Acquisition and Resrarching AND Literary Themes). 8.2.12.ITH.3 - Analyze the impact that socialization, social media, and access to open source technologies has had on innovation and on societies economy, politics, and culture. 8.2.12.ETW.3- Identify a complex, global environmental or climate change issue, develop a systemic plan of investigation, and propose an innovative sustainable solution.

### Differentiation/Accommodations/Modifications

Note: Each district should review the various strategies noted below and determine which are applicable for their population within varied grade levels and languages and make edits where needed.

Gifted and Talented	English Language Learners	Students with Disabilities	Students at Risk of School Failure
(content, process, product and	Modifications for Classroom:	(appropriate accommodations,	<b>Modifications for Classroom:</b>
learning environment)		instructional adaptations, and/or	
	<ul> <li>Modified in-class assignments</li> </ul>	modifications as determined by the	Intervention and Referral Team
<b>Extension Activities:</b>	Building background information	IEP or 504 team)	(I&RS) in –house strategies for
	Simplifying language for	·	teachers
<ul> <li>Incorporate challenging</li> </ul>	presentation	Modifications for Classroom:	Extra textbooks at home
assessments	<ul> <li>Internet bilingual dictionaries</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Extended time for assignments</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Open forums and debates in the</li> </ul>	during class and during	In-Class-Support	Highlight key vocabulary
classroom regarding controversial	assignments	Graphic Organizers	Pair visual prompts with verbal
issues	<ul> <li>Word banks for tests and quizzes</li> </ul>	Provide study guides/lesson	presentations
<ul> <li>Utilize advanced materials and</li> </ul>	Developing content area	outlines	<ul> <li>Model skills/techniques</li> </ul>
resources to meet the needs of	vocabulary	• Extended time on assessments	Modify assignments
student	• Extended time for all assessments	Research guides	Preferential seating as noted by
<ul> <li>Competitive and collaborative</li> </ul>	Use of graphic organizers	Analogies	student and teacher
projects	<ul> <li>Internet text translators</li> </ul>	Highlighting/underlining	Parent/teacher communication
<ul> <li>Independent projects requiring</li> </ul>	Simplification of requirements	Note-taking guides	Provide books on tape/CD/digital
research skills for assessing	<ul> <li>Access to teacher designated</li> </ul>	Cue cards	media as requested by the student
information	power points and notes	Establish timelines	when appropriate
<ul> <li>Anchor activities</li> </ul>	Concept development	Clarify assignments, directions,	Assign peer helper in class
<ul> <li>Advanced discussion techniques</li> </ul>	Collaboration between ESL and	instructions	Pair visual prompts with verbal
Set individual goals	classroom teachers	Chapter/lecture notes	presentations
Multimedia projects that relate to	Pair novice ELL students with	Assistive technology	Repetition and practice
student interests and apply to the	advanced ELL students	Provide computer programs to	Provide copy of class notes
curriculum	Simplification or exemption from	assist with written assignments	Use computers to complete
Extra answer choices on multiple	particular assignments	Highlight key vocabulary	assignments as requested by
choice assignments to allow for	Audio and visual media provided	Model skills/techniques	student
critical thinking	to aid comprehension	Parent/teacher communication	Provide verbal reminder of
	Daily positive reinforcement	Provide books on tape/CD/digital	assignment
	Set/post class rules	media as requested by student	Check student independent work
		when appropriate	

•	Multi-level learning stations for
	meaningful independent work that
	extends topics and ideas

### Modifications for Homework/Assignments:

- Extended time to complete homework
- Internet text translators
- Use of graphic organizers
- Modified homework assignments
- Internet bilingual dictionaries
- Provide student with clearly stated and written expectations and grading criteria for homework
- Frequent reminders using Google Classroom

### **Modification for Assessments:**

- Extended time for tests and quizzes
- Restate and clarify directions and questions
- Establish procedures for accommodations/modifications for assessments
- Grade + Effort

#### Resources

WIDA Standards

- Assign peer helper in class
- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide verbal reminder of assignments
- Check student independent work
- Assist student with planning of assignments
- Simplification or exemption from particular assignments
- Preferential seating
- Communication and collaboration with 504 Coordinator and Child Study Team

### **Modifications for Homework:**

- Extended time to complete homework Simplify complicated assignments into smaller units in phases as needed by student
- Modified homework
- Provide student with clearly stated and written expectations and grading criteria for assignments
- Frequent reminders using Google Classroom

### **Modification for Assessments:**

Extended time for tests and quizzes

- Assist student with planning of assignment
- Assist with technology

#### **Modifications for Homework:**

- Extended time to complete homework
- Simplify complicated assignments into smaller units in phases as needed by student
- Provide student with clearly stated and written expectations and grading criteria for assignments
- Frequent reminders using Google Classroom

### **Modification for Assessments:**

- Extended time for tests and quizzes
- Restate and clarify directions and questions
- Provide study guides for classroom tests
- Establish procedures for accommodations/modifications for assessments
- Modify answer choices
- Email parent/guardian to remind child at home to study for test

<ul> <li>Standard 1:Social and Instructional Language</li> <li>Standard 2:The language of Language Arts</li> <li>Standard 3:The language of Mathematics</li> <li>Standard 4:The language of Science</li> <li>Standard 5:The language of Soci Studies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Restate and clarify directions and questions</li> <li>Provide study guides for classroom tests</li> <li>Establish procedures for accommodations/modifications for assessments</li> </ul>
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**CONTENT: ELA-Language Arts Lab** 

**Theme:** Fiction and Non-fiction Literature/Informational Text

**Essential Questions:** What are the various elements of literature?

What is the author's purpose?

How is vocabulary enhanced through literature?

Can you demonstrate the appropriate approach to reading and interpreting a work of literature?

Can to read informational texts and find evidence to answer specific questions directly related to the text?

How does the understanding of historical events directly relate to the understanding and interpretation of literature?

<b>Content:</b>	(As a result of this
learning s	egment, students
will know.	)

- How to read and analyze fiction
- How to read and analyze non-fiction
- How to read and analyze informational texts
- How to identify and gather information
- How to relate historical events to the literature of that period
- How to read and analyze the short story
- How to read and analyze poetry
- How to compare and contrast different reading material that covers the same subject
- How to make predictions
- How to determine vocabulary from context clues
- How to access, view, evaluate, and respond to print, non-print, and electronic texts and resources

**Skills:** (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to...)

- Identify central ideas
- Analyze characters
- Recognize inferences
- Identify persuasive techniques
- Note Writer's styles
- Recognize patterns of organization
- Identify point of view
- Make predictions from foreshadowing clues
- Identify elements of the novel
- Identify the literary tools used in poetry
- Recognize imagery, irony, symbolism, in literary works
- Interpret the elements of the short story
- Use a graphic organizer to outline plot
- Use context clues to clarify new vocabulary
- Work in groups to judge, clarify and discuss context and themes in literary works
- Outline events in literary works to analyze details and structure

**Assessments:** (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative measures:)

### **SUMMATIVE**

- Unit tests
- Essay tests
- BENCHMARKS
- Oral tests
- Journal writing
- Poetry writing
- Reading checks
- Daily review
- Spot-checks
- FORMATIVE
- Partner sharing in a class opener
- Panel discussions
- Homework
- Class discussions
- ALTERNATIVES
- Projects
- Power point projects
- Group presentations on assigned literature
- Lecture and note taking
- Questions and Answers
- Guided Reading Activity
- Benchmark assessments
- Exams

### **Standards:**

NJSLS.ELA-Literacy.

RL9-10.1-9.10.10, RL11-12.1—11-12.10 RI9-10.1-9-10.10, RI 11-12.1-1-9-12.10

RH.9-10.1-RH9-10.6, 11-12.1-RH11-12.6

RH9.10.8, RH11-12.8

RST9-10.1, RST 11-12.1

RST9-10.2, RST 11-12.2

RST-9-10.6, RST 11-12.6

SL9-10.1-9-10.6, SL11-12.1-11-12.6

Science:

ESS3.A

ESS3.B

PSD.3

Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11

21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers: Evaluating Information:

9.4.12.IML.2-Evaluate for timeliness, accuracy, perspective, credibility of the source and relevance of the information, in media, data, or other resources.
9.4.12.IML.8-Evaluate media sources for

9.4.12.IML.8-Evaluate media sources to point of view, bias, and motivations.

		LANGUAGE AKTS LAB	
<ul> <li>How to initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions with diverse topics, texts, and issues</li> <li>How to evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and the use of evidence and rhetoric</li> <li>How to adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English</li> <li>How to listen actively</li> <li>How to comprehend while listening</li> <li>How to read a wide variety of materials and texts with fluency and comprehension</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prepare and present an individual project</li> <li>Prepare and present a speech</li> <li>Gather and evidence from a text</li> <li>Construct meaning from media</li> <li>Understand visual and verbal messages</li> <li>Make strategic use of digital media in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence</li> <li>Participate in discussions</li> <li>Evaluate a speakers point of view</li> <li>Adapt speech demonstrating a command of formal English</li> <li>Listen actively</li> <li>Comprehend while listening</li> <li>Understand and use reading strategies</li> <li>Use comprehension skills</li> <li>Respond to a text</li> </ul>		Technology 8.1.12.A.2 8.1.12.D.1 8.1.12.D.5 8.1.12.F.1 8.2.12.B.3

		Interdisciplinary Connections:
		LA.RI.11-12.1 - [Accurately cite strong and
		thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via
		discussion, written response, etc.), to support
		analysis of what the text says explicitly as
		well as inferentially, including determining
		where the text leaves matters uncertain
		LA.RI.11-12.2 - ] - Determine two or
		more central ideas of a text, and analyze
		their development and how they interact to
		provide a complex analysis; provide an
		objective summary of the text.
		L.A RI. 11-12.3 Progress Indicator] -
		Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence
		of events and explain how specific
		individuals, ideas, or events interact and
		develop over the course of the text.
		·
		.NonFiction Reading:
		Activity: Be able to read and analyze a variety
		of different author's points of views and then
		be able to draw own conclusion from them.
		file://bhsfaculty/fachome\$/KSCALERA/Docu
		ments/supplemental%20LA/NonFictionReadin
		gsfromtheCivilRightsEratextsObjectiveAssess
		ments-1.pdf
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LANGUAGE ARTS LAB			
			Materials:
			CODE.

	Materials:
	CORE:
	House on Mango Street
	Oxford Picture Dictionary
	Freedom Writers
	Twists
	Conflicts
	I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings
	More Twists
	Adventures
	More Adventures
	Encounters
	NJSLA Practice
	SUPPLEMENTARY:
	Internet resources
	Magazine articles
	Newspaper articles
	Google Classroom
	Chromebooks
	LCD projector

CONTENT: Grammar, Language Arts Lab	
<b>Theme:</b> Parts of Speech, Parts of a Sentence, Usage and Mechanics	
<b>Essential Questions:</b> Can you identify and properly use the parts of speech?	Can you identify commonly misplaced words?
Can you identify and properly use the parts of a sentence?	Can you vary sentence structure?
Can you identify and properly use phrases?	Can you identify and properly use the standard rules of capitalization?
Can you identify and properly use clauses?	Can you identify and properly use subject/verb agreement?
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LANGUAGE ARTS LAD			
Content (As a result of this learning segment, students will know)  Standard English grammar and usage when speaking and writing The 8 parts of speech The parts of the sentence Phrases Clauses Subject/ verb agreement Standard rules of capitalization Varied sentence structure Commonly misused words	Skills (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)  Identify and use parts of speech Identify and use the parts of a sentence Identify and use phrases Identify and use clauses Identify and use subject/verb agreement Identify and use the standard rules of capitalization Identify and use the standard rules of punctuation	Assessments (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative measures:)  Ouizzes Tests Exercises Homework Daily review Class discussions Questions and answers Warm up exercises Benchmark assessments	Standards: L 9-10.1-6, 11-12.1-6 SL.9-10.1-6, 11-12.1-6  Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11  21st Century Life and Careers 9.2.12.C.1 9.2.12.C.2  Technology 8.1.12.A.2
	<ul> <li>Identify and properly use commonly misused words</li> <li>Understand the conventions of standards English grammar</li> <li>Construct writing assignments using the conventions of standard English grammar</li> </ul>		8.1.12.D.5 8.1.12.F.1 8.2.12.B.3
			Materials: The Grammar Grabbers

**CONTENT: ELA-Writing, Language Arts Lab** 

Theme: Narrative Writing, Persuasive Writing, Argumentative Writing Research Simulation Writing (Research Paper)

**Essential Questions:** How will students write for a variety of purpose?

<b>Content</b> (As a result of this
learning segment, students will
know)

- How to write a proper narrative
- How to write a persuasive essay
- How to use the writing process –prewriting, drafting, editing, post-writing
- How to write for a specific audience and purpose
- How to write and edit to conform to the most current MLA handbook

**Skills** (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to...)

- Write a narrative using literary devices
- Write a five paragraph persuasive essay including an introduction, three paragraph body, conclusion, transitions, and compositional risks.
- Write using the writing process
- Write for a specific audience
- Write and edit so that it conforms to the most current MLA handbook.
- Write an original short story
- Write comparison/contrast essay

**Assessments** (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative measures:)

- The Narrative composition
- The Persuasive essay
- Exams
- Ouestions and answers
- Lecture and note taking
- Benchmark assessments

**Standards:** 

NJSLS.ELA-Literacy SL 9-10.1-9.10.6, SL 11-12.1-11.12.6 L 9-10.1-19-10.6 L 11-12.1-11-12.6 W 9.10-1W9.10-10 W 11.12.1-11-12.10

6.3.4.C.1 6.3.4.D.1

Science: ESS3.A ESS3.B PSD.3

### **21st Century Life and Careers:** Argumentative Writing:

9.4.12.IML.7- Develop an argument to support a claim regarding a current workplace or societial/ethitical issue such as climate change.

### **Digital Citizenship**:

9.4.12.DC.1- Explain the beneficial and harmful effects that intellectual property laws can have on the creation and sharing of content.

 LANC	GUAGE ARTS LAB	
		9.4.12.DC.7- Evaluate the influence of digital communities on the nature, content and
		responsibilities of careers, and other aspects of
		society.  9.4.12.GCA.1- Collaborate with individuals to analy a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political, economic, cultural) may work better than others.
		Critical Thinking and Problem Solving:
		9.4.12.CI.1-Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyzand use creative creative skills and ideas. 9.4.12.CT.1-Identify problem solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice. 9.4.12.CT.2-Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and proble solving.
		Creativity and Innovation:
		9.4.12.CI.3-Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition
		8.1 Educational Technology:

 LANC	JUAGE AKIS LAB	
		8.1.12.IC.1- Evaluate the ways computing impacts
		personal, ethical, social, economic, and curtural
		practices (Knowledge, Acquisition and Resrarching
		AND Literary Themes).
		8.2.12.ITH.3 - Analyze the impact that socialization
		social media, and access to open source technologies
		had on innovation and on societies economy, politics
		and culture.
		8.2.12.ETW.3- Identify a complex, global
		environmental or climate change issue, develop a
		systemic plan of investigation, and propose an
		innovative sustainable solution.
		Interdiciplinary Connections:

LANG	GUAGE ARTS LAB
	LA.W.9-10.2.A - Introduce a topic; organize completideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g. headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension LA.W.9-10.2.B - Develop the topic with well-chosen relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
	LA.W.11-12.1.A - Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  LA.W.11-12.1.B - Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies an using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out t strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns values, and possible biases.
	https://docs.google.com/document/d/1LZzYUM5W/cQea6T3j1FxFHWBIH9rH5/edit?usp=sharing&ouic109196633336256301124&rtpof=true&sd=true

EHI	GONGETHING END
	Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11
	Technology 8.1.12.D.1 8.1.12.A.2 8.1.12.D.5
	8.1.12.F.1 8.2.12.B.3

	Materials:
	Core:  MLA Handbook Purdue OWL Internet resources Elements of Literature SUPPLEMENTARY: Newspaper articles Turnitin.com Magazine articles Elements of Writing Google Classroom Chromebooks LCD projector  A guide to how gender-neutral language is developing around the world  Additional LGBTQIA+ Persons with Disabilities Resources

CONTENT: ELA-Speaking and Listening, Language Arts Lab

Theme: Vocabulary

Essential Questions: What strategies can you use to enhance and enrich vocabulary?

# CARLSTADT-EAST RUTHERFORD REGIONAL HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTENT: ENGLISH DEPARTMENT LANGUAGE ARTS LAB Assessments (The above Essential)

<ul> <li>Content (As a result of this learning segment, students will know)</li> <li>How to use context clues to define new words (20 words)</li> <li>How to demonstrate a knowledge of the meanings of common Latin and Greek affixes and roots</li> <li>How to select the appropriate synonym/antonyms</li> <li>How to select the correct vocabulary word or a sentence completion question as they appear on the SAT/ACT</li> <li>Identify word meaning in reading passages, using affixes and roots to correctly answer vocabulary questions as they appear on the SAT/ACT</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Skills (As a result of this learning segment, students will be able to)</li> <li>Use context clues to define new words</li> <li>Demonstrate a knowledge of the meaning of common Latin and Greek affixes and roots</li> <li>Select the appropriate synonym/antonym</li> <li>Use new vocabulary words to identify answers as they appear on the SAT/ACT</li> </ul>	Assessments (The above Essential Questions will be assessed with the following formative and summative measures:)  Ouizzes Tests Story writing that includes vocabulary words Exams Questions and answers Lectures and note taking Warm up exercises Sentence completions Benchmark assessments	NJSLS.ELA-Literacy L.9-10.4A L.9-10.4C L.9-10.4D SL.9-10.1  6.3.4.A.3 6.3.4.A.4 6.3.4.B.1 6.3.4.C.1 6.3.4.D.1  Science: ESS3.A ESS3.B PSD.3  Career Ready Practices CRP 1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11  Technology 8.1.12.D.1 8.1.12.A.2 8.1.12.D.5 8.1.12.F.1 8.2.12.B.3
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	Pacing Chart/Time Frame: Vocabulary is taught and assessed once a week for the entire school year
	Materials:
	CORE:
	Sadlier-Oxford Vocabulary Workshop
	Level D,E. F, G
	SUPPLEMENTARY:
	Audio

### **NJSLS ELA Standards**

NJSLS Reading Literature	RL.9-10.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	RL.9-10.2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details and provide an objective summary of the text.
	RL.9-10.3. Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
	RL.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).
	RL.9-10.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create specific effects (e.g. mystery, tension, or surprise).
	RL.9-10.6. Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
	RL.9-10.7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each work (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's <i>Landscape with the Fall of Icarus</i> ).

RL.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from mythology or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).

RL.9-10.10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

RL.11-12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed). RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and

connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)

RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).

RL.11-12.7. Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (e.g., Shakespeare and other authors.)

	LANGUAGE ARTS LAB
NJSLS Reading Informational Text	RI.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.) and make relevant connections, to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
	RI.9-10.2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze how it is developed and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text. RI.9-10.3. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
	RI.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).
	RI.9-10.5. Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).
	RI.9-10.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance that point of view or purpose.
	RI.9-10.7. Analyze various perspectives as presented in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.
	RI.9-10.8. Describe and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and reasoning.

RI.9-10.9. Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance, (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail", Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen, U.N. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, etc.), including how they relate in terms of themes and significant concepts.

RI.9-10.10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity above with scaffolding as needed. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above.

RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics

RL.11-12.10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above with scaffolding as needed.

RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text, and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

RI.11-12.5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.

	RI.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.  RI.11-12.8. Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
NJSLS Speaking and Listening	SL.9-10.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on <i>grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues,</i> building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	<ul> <li>A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>B. Collaborate with peers to set rules for discussions (e.g. informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views); develop clear goals and assessment criteria (e.g. student developed rubric) and assign individual roles as needed.</li> <li>C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> <li>D. Respond thoughtfully to various perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and justify own views. Make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.</li> </ul>
	SL.9-10.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.
	SL.9-10.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any false reasoning or distorted evidence.

- SL.9-10.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- SL.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- SL.9-10.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English.
- W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes.
- SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
- B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g. student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.
- C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.

	SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.  SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.  SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.  SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
NJSLS Language	<ul> <li>L.9-10.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</li> <li>A. Use parallel structure.</li> <li>B. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.</li> <li>L.9-10.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.</li> </ul>
	A. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.  B. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.  C. Spell correctly.  L.9-10.3. Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices for meaning, or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading, writing, speaking or listening.  A. Vary word choice and sentence structure to demonstrate an understanding of the influence of language.  L.9-10.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades</i> 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., *analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy*).
- C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.
- D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- L.9-10.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
  - A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text.
  - B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
- L.9-10.6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
- L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling
- when writing.
- A. Observe hyphenation conventions.
- B. Spell correctly.
- L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- A. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.
- L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

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con C. C digi etyr D. V in c L.1 A. I	Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., iceive, conception, conceivable).  Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and ital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its mology, or its standard usage.  Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning context or in a dictionary).  1-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.  Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.
W.9	O-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and evant and sufficient evidence.  A. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies, propaganda devices, and using sound reasoning, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.  C. Use transitions (e.g. words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.  D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.  E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented.  O-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.  A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful

- B. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- C. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
- W.9-10.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
  - B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
  - C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.
  - D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
  - E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.
- W.9-10.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
- W.9-10.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).

W.9-10.9. Draw evidence from literary or nonfiction informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

- A. Apply *grades 9–10 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid mythology or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]").
- B. Apply *grades 9–10 Reading standards* to nonfiction informational e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").

W.9-10.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

LA.W.11-12.1 - [Progress Indicator] - Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

LA.W.11-12.1.A - Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

LA.W.11-12.1.B - Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

- LA.W.11-12.1.C Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- LA.W.11-12.1.D Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- LA.W.11-12.1.E Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
- LA.W.11-12.2 [Progress Indicator] Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- LA.W.11-12.2.A Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- LA.W.11-12.2.B Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- LA.W.11-12.2.C Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- LA.W.11-12.2.D Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
- LA.W.11-12.2.E Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- LA.W.11-12.2.F Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
- LA.W.11-12.3 [Progress Indicator] Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
- LA.W.11-12.3.A Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- LA.W.11-12.3.B Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

	LA.W.11-12.3.C - Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).  22x LA.W.11-12.3.D - Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.  0x LA.W.11-12.3.E - Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.
NJSLS Reading History	RH.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.  RH.9-10.2. Determine the theme, central ideas, key information and/or perspective(s) presented in a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas.  RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; draw connections between the events, to determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.  RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.  RH.9-10.5. Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.  RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors in regards to how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. Read and analyze history as a primary or secondary source in relation to literature.  RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.

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RH.11-12.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors in regards to how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. Read and analyze history as a primary or secondary source in relation to literature.  RH.11-12.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.  NJSLS Reading Science and Technical Subjects  RST.9-10.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.  RST.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text.  RST.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.  RST.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction	describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences; analyze the cumulative impact of
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